TENTATIVE

All information in this technical data sheet is tentative and subject to change without notice.

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10.4"VGA

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

AA104VC02

MITSUBISHI / MDTI

Date: Mar.13,'03

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1. OVERVIEW

AA104VC02 is 10.4" color TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, and backlight unit.

By applying 6 bit digital data 640×480 , 260 K-color images are displayed on the 10.4" diagonal screen. Input power voltage is single 3.3 / 5.0 V for LCD driving. Both 3.3 V-CMOS and 5.0 V-CMOS level voltage are acceptable for logic input voltage.

Inverter for backlight is not included in this module. General specifications are summarized in the following table:

ITEM	SPECIFICATION				
Display Area (mm)	211.2(H) × 158.4 (V) (10.39-inch diagonal)				
Number of Dots	$640 \times 3 \text{ (H)} \times 480 \text{ (V)}$				
Pixel Pitch (mm)	0.33 (H) × 0.33 (V)				
Color Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe				
Display Mode	normally white				
Number of Color	260K				
Wide Viewing Angle Technology	Optical compensation film				
Optimum Viewing Angle(Contrast ratio)	6 o'clock				
Brightness (cd/m²)	380				
Module Size (mm)	243.0 (W) × 181.6 (H) × 12.2 (D)				
Module Mass (g)	(530)				
Backlight Unit	CCFL, 2-tubes, replaceable				
Surface Treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H				

Sign"()" is preliminary value. Characteristic value without any note is typical value.

The LCD product described in this specification is designed and manufactured for the standard use in OA equipment and consumer products, such as computers, communication equipment, industrial robots, AV equipment and so on.

Do not use the LCD product for the equipment that require the extreme high level of reliability, such as aerospace applications, submarine cables, nuclear power control systems and medical or other equipment for life support.

MDTI assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the LCD product in disregard of the conditions and handling precautions in this specification.

If customers intend to use the LCD product for the above items or other no standard items, please contact our sales persons in advance.

2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage for LCD	VCC	-0.3	6.5	V
Logic Input Voltage	VI	0	6.5	V
Lamp Voltage	VL	0	TBD	Vrms
Lamp Current	IL	0	TBD	mArms
Lamp Frequency	FL	TBD	TBD	kHz
Operation Temperature Note 1,2)	T_{op}	0	(60)	°C
Storage Temperature Note 2)	T_{stg}	-20	(70)	°C

[Note]

1) Display panel surface

2) Top,Tstg $\leq 40^{\circ} C$: 90%RH max. without condensation

Top, Tstg $> 40^{\circ}\text{C}$: Absolute humidity shall be less than the value of 90%RH at 40°C without condensation

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

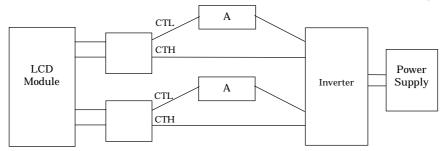
(1) TFT- LCD Ambient Temperature : $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

_ \ /							
ITE	M	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
Power Supply			3.0	3.3	3.6	V	A)
Voltage for LCD			4.75	5.0	5.25	V	A)
Power Supply	ver Supply 3.3V powered		-	(250)	(380)	mA	VCC=3.3V B)
Current for LCD	5.0V powered	ICC	-	(160)	(280)	mA	VCC=5.0V B)
Permissive Input	Ripple Voltage	VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	VCC = +3.3V/5.0V
Logic Input	High	VIH	2.0	-	5.25	V	
Voltage	Low	VIL	0	-	0.8	V	

(2) Backlight Ta=25°C

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks	
Lamp Voltage		VL		TBD		Vrms	IL=6.0mArms
Lamp Current	IL	3.0	6.0	7.0	mArms	*1),*5)	
Lamp Frequency	FL	TBD		TBD	kHz	*2)	
Starting Lamp Voltage	Ta=25°C	VS	TBD			Vrms	
	Ta=0°C	VS	TBD			Vrms	
	IL=3.0mA		50000	50000		h	
Lamp Life Time	IL=6.0mA	LT	50000	50000	1	h	*3),*4)
	IL=7.0mA		30000	40000		h	

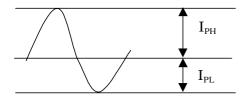
*1) Lamp Current measurement method (The current meter is inserted in low voltage line.)



- *2) Lamp frequency of inverter may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause horizontal beat on the display. Therefore, please adjust lamp frequency, and keep inverter as far from module as possible or use electronic shielding between inverter and module to avoid the interference.
- *3) Lamp life time is defined as the time either when the brightness becomes 50% of the initial value, or when the starting lamp voltage does not meet the value specified in this table.
- *4) The life time of the backlight depends on the ambient temperature. The life time will decrease under low/high temperature.
- *5) Please use the inverter which has symmetrical current wave form as follows,

The degree of unbalance: less than 10%

The ratio of wave height: less than $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$



 I_{PH} : High side peak

 $I_{\text{PL}}\!\!:$ Low side peak

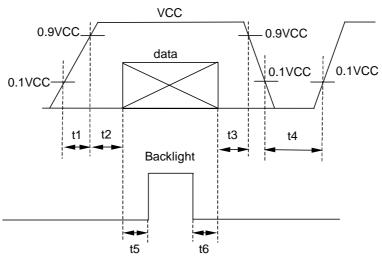
 $\label{eq:The degree of unbalance} The \ degree \ of \ unbalance = \ |\ I_{PH} \ - \ I_{PL}\ | \ / \ Irms \times 100(\%)$ The ratio of wave height = $I_{PH}(or\ I_{PL})$ / Irms

CURRENT WAVE FORM

[Note]

A) Power and signals sequence:

t1 ≤ 10 ms	400 ms ≤ t4
$0 < t2 \le 50 \text{ ms}$	$200 \text{ ms} \leq t5$
0 < t3 < 50 ms	0 < t6

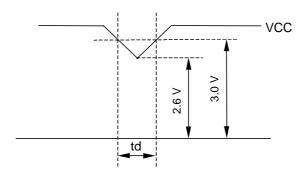


data: RGB DATA, DCLK, HD, VD, DENA

VCC-dip conditions:

- (a) 3.3 V powered
 - 1) When $2.6 \text{ V} \le \text{VCC} < 3.0 \text{ V}$, $\text{td} \le 10 \text{ ms}$
 - 2) When VCC < 2.6 V

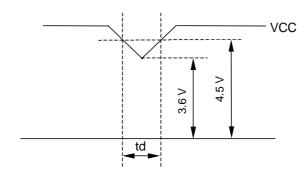
VCC-dip conditions should also follow the power and signals sequence.



(b) 5.0V powered

- 1) When 3.6 $V \le VCC < 4.5 V$, $td \le 10 ms$
- 2) When VCC < 3.6 V

VCC-dip conditions should also follow the power and signals sequence.



B) Typical current condition:

64- gray- bar-pattern

480 line mode

VCC = +3.3 / 5.0 V, f_{H} =31.6kHz, f_{V} =60Hz, f_{CLK} = 25MHz

4. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

CN 1(INTERFACE SIGNAL)

Used connector: DF9B-31P-1V(Hirose)

Corresponding connector: DF9-31S-1V(Hirose)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	GND	
2	DCLK	Clock signal for sampling catch data signal
3	HD	Horizontal sync signal
4	VD	Vertical sync signal
5	GND	
6	R0	Red data signal(LSB)
7	R1	Red data signal
8	R2	Red data signal
9	R3	Red data signal
10	R4	Red data signal
11	R5	Red data signal(MSB)
12	GND	
13	G0	Green data signal(LSB)
14	G1	Green data signal
15	G2	Green data signal
16	G3	Green data signal
17	G4	Green data signal
18	G5	Green data signal(MSB)
19	GND	
20	B0	Blue data signal(LSB)
21	B1	Blue data signal
22	B2	Blue data signal
23	В3	Blue data signal
24	B4	Blue data signal
25	B5	Blue data signal(MSB)
26	GND	
27	DENA	Data enable signal(to settle the viewing area)
28	VCC	3.3 / 5.0 V Power Supply
29	VCC	3.3 / 5.0 V Power Supply
30	TEST	This pin should be open. Test signal output for only internal test use.
31	SC	Scan direction Control.(GND or Open:Normal, High:Reverse)

^{*1)} The shielding case is connected with GND *2) See; Timing Chart(P9)

CN 2, CN 3 (BACKLIGHT)

Backlight-side connector: BHR-02(8.0)VS-1N(JST) Inverter-side connector: SM02(8.0)B-BHS(JST)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function				
1	СТН	VBLH (High Voltage)				
3	CTL	VBLL (Low Voltage)				

[Note]

VBLH-VBLL=VL

5. INTERFACE TIMING

(1) Timing Specifications

	ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
	Frequency	fclk		25	29	MHz
DCLK	Period	t _{CLK}	34.5	40		ns
*1) *4)	Low Width	twcl	12		-	ns
	High Width	twcн	12			ns
DATA *1) (R,G,B,DENA	Set up time	t _{DS}	5			ns
HD, VD)	Hold time	t _{DH}	5			ns
	Horizontal Active Time	tна	640	640	640	tclk
	Horizontal Front Porch	$t_{ m HFP}$	10	16	1	t_{CLK}
DENA	Horizontal Back Porch	t HBP	2	144		tclk
*3)	Vertical Active Time	tva	480	480	480	tн
	Vertical Front Porch	tvfp	1	12		tн
	Vertical Back Porch	tvbp	2	33		t _H
***	Frequency	fн	27	31.6	38	kHz
HD *2)*4)	Period	t _H	26.3	31.6	37.0	μs
, _,	Low Width	twhL	5	96	-	tclk
	Frequency	fv	55	60	70	Hz
VD *2)	Period	tv	14.3	16.7	18.2	ms
	Low Width	t_{WVL}	3			t _H

[Note]

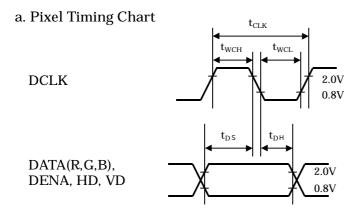
^{*1)} DATA is latched at fall edge of DCLK in this specification.

^{*2)} Polarities of HD and VD are negative in this specification.

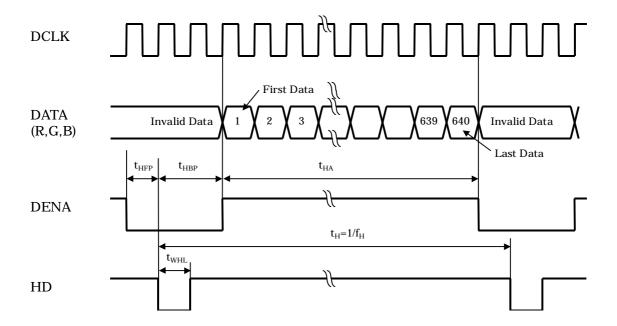
^{*3)} DENA (Data Enable) should always be positive polarity as shown in the timing specification.

^{*4)} DCLK should appear during all invalid period, and HD should appear during invalid period of frame cycle.

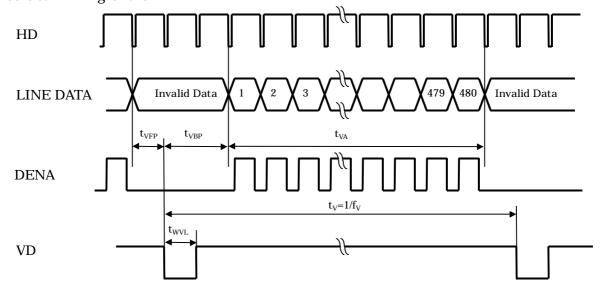
(2) Timing Chart



b. Horizontal Timing Chart



c. Vertical Timing Chart



(3) Color Data Assignment

(3) Color	R DATA					G DATA					B DATA								
COLOR	R INPUT		D4			D1	DΛ	C.F	C 4		<u> </u>	C 1	CO	Dr	D4	<u> </u>		D1	DΛ
	DATA		K4	R3	K۷				G4	GS	G2				В4	В3	Bζ		
	DATA	MSB	0	0	0				0	0			LSB		0		0		LSB
	BLACK	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	å	0	0		a	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		<u>.</u>	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DAGIG	GREEN(63)		0	0	0		0					1		0		0	0		0
BASIC	BLUE(63)	0		0					0		0				1			1	
COLOR		0	0	0	0	0	0	1			1		1	1	1	ā	1	1	1
	MAGENTA	1				1	1	0			i		0	1					1
	YELLOW	1		1		1		1			1		1	0		i	0	0	0
	WHITE	1			1				1			1				1		_	1
	RED(0)	0		0			0		0		0		0	0		0		0	
	RED (1)		0								0		0		0	ā	0		
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1		1		0	0		<u>)</u>			0	0			0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1		1	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(0)	0		0	ŭ		0	0			0	A	0	0		0	0	0	0
	GREEN (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																			
	GREEN(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	BLUE(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
BLUE																			
	BLUE(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
[Note]	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

[Note]

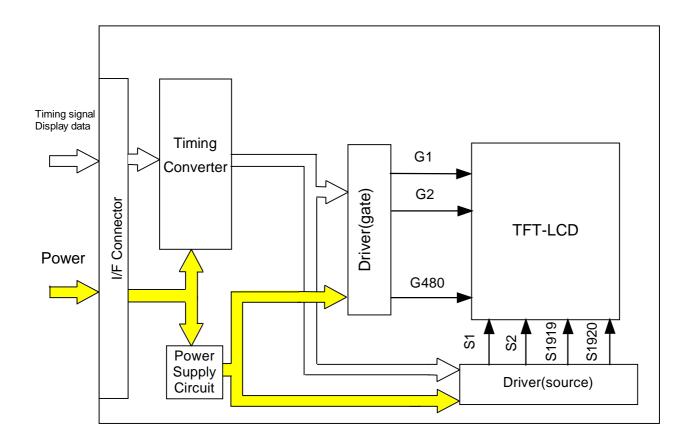
1) Definition of gray scale

Color (n) --- n indicates gray scale level. Higher n means brighter level.

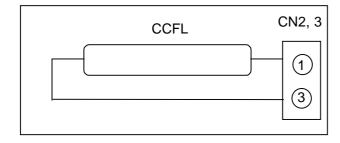
2) Data

1:High, 0: Low

6. BLOCK DIAGRAM

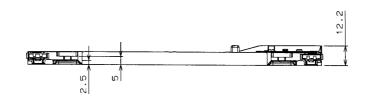


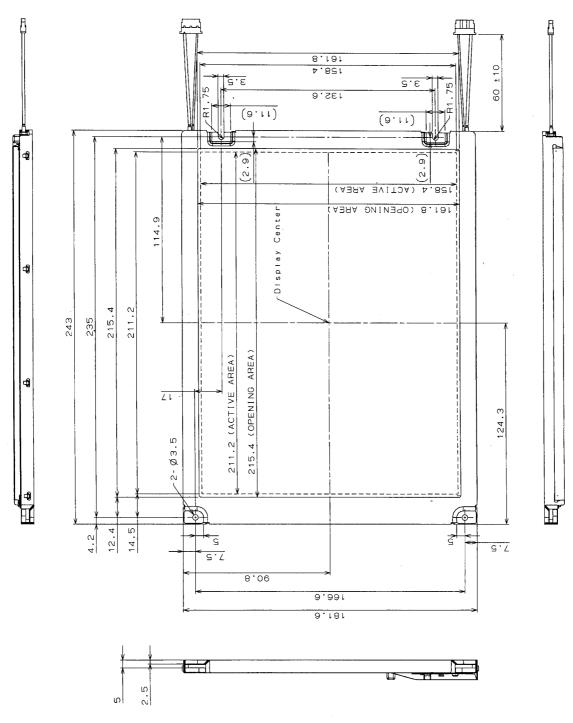
BACKLIGHT



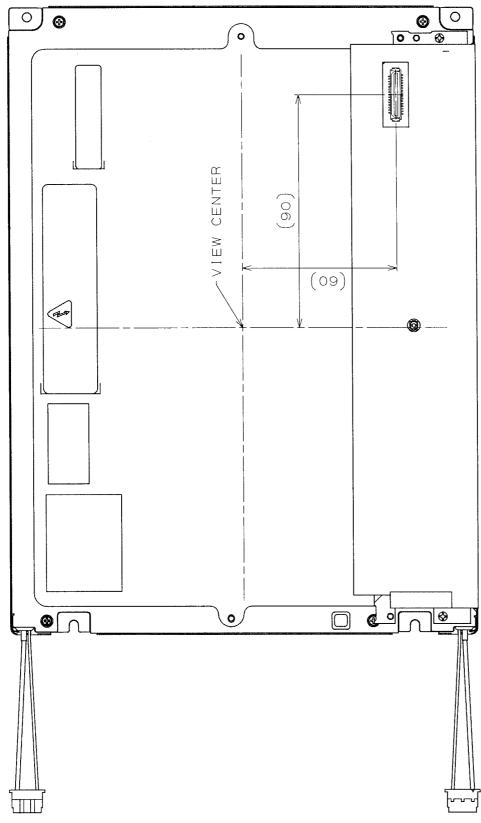
7. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Front Side





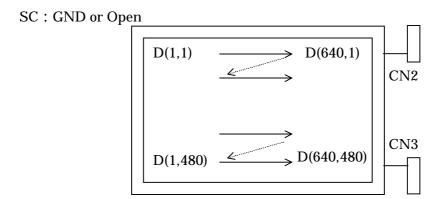
(2) Rear Side



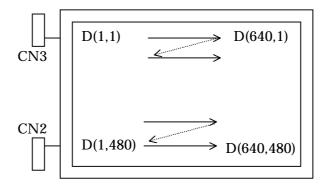
[Note]

We recommend you referring to the detailed drawing for your design. Please contact our company sales representative when you need the detailed drawing.

(3) Scanning direction



SC : High



8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3 / 5.0 V, Input Signals: Typ. Values shown in Section 5

ITEM		SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
Contrast Rat	io	CR	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	150	300			*1)*3)
Luminance		Lw	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	300	380		cd/m²	*2)*3)
Response Tir	ne	tr	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		TBD		ms	*3)*4)
		tf	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		TBD		ms	*3)*4)
Viewing	Horizontal	ф	CR ≥ 10		-60~60		0	*3)
Angle	Vertical	θ			-50~40		0	*3)
Image Sticki	ng	tis	2 h			2	s	*5)
	Red	Rx			TBD			
		Ry			TBD			
Color	Green	Gx			TBD			
Coordinates		Gy	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		TBD			*3)
	Blue	Bx			TBD			
		Ву			TBD			
	White	Wx			TBD			
		Wy			TBD			

[Note]

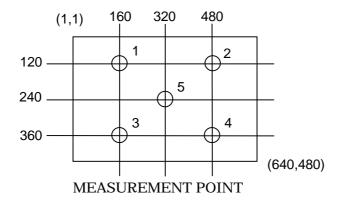
These items are measured using CS1000(MINOLTA) for color coordinates, EZContrast(ELDIM) for viewing angle and CS1000 or BM-5A(TOPCON) for others under the dark room condition (no ambient light) after more than 30 minutes from turning on the lamp unless noted.

*1) Definition of Contrast Ratio

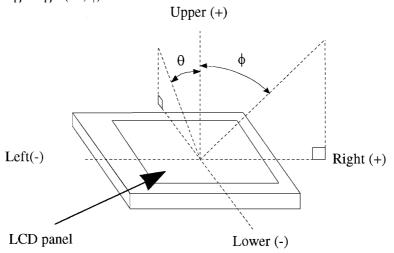
CR=ON(White) Luminance / OFF(Black) Luminance: average of 5 points shown in a figure below

*2) Definition of Luminance

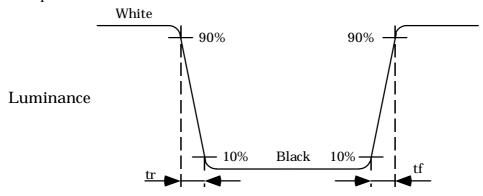
Lw= ON (White) Luminance: average of 5 points shown in a figure below



*3) Definition of Viewing Angle(θ , ϕ)



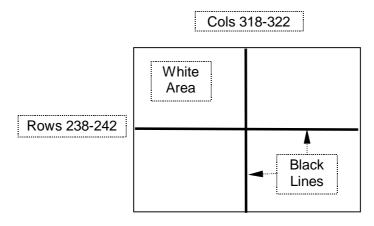
*4) Definition of Response Time



*5) Image Sticking

Continuously display the test pattern shown in the figure below for two-hours. Then display a completely white screen. The previous image shall not persist more than two seconds at 25°C.

TEST PATTERN FOR IMAGE STICKING TEST



9. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITION

(1) Temperature and Humidity

TEST ITEM	CONDITIONS			
HIGH TEMPERATURE	40°C, 90%RH, 240 h			
HIGH HUMIDITY OPERATION	40 C, 90/0KH, 240 H			
HIGH TEMPERATURE STORAGE	70°C, 96 h			
LOW TEMPERATURE STORAGE	-20°C, 96 h			
THERMAL SHOCK(NON-OPERATION)	BETWEEN -20°C (1h) and 70°C(1h), 5 CYCLES			

(2) Shock & Vibration

ITEM	CONDITIONS
	Shock level: 1470m/s² (150G)
SHOCK	Waveform: half sinusoidal wave, 2ms
(NON-OPERATION)	Number of shocks: one shock input in each direction of three mutually
	perpendicular axis for a total of six shock inputs
	Vibration level: 9.8m/s ² (1.0G)
	VIDI action level. 5.011/5 (1.0G)
	Waveform: sinusoidal
VIBRATION	Frequency range: 5 to 500Hz
(NON-OPERATION)	Frequency sweep rate: 0.5 octave /min
	Duration: one sweep from 5 to 500 Hz in each of three mutually
	perpendicular axis(total 3 hours)

(3) Judgment standard

The judgment of the above tests should be made as follow:

Pass: Normal display image with no obvious non-uniformity and no line defect.

Partial transformation of the module parts should be ignored.

Fail: No display image, obvious non-uniformity, or line defects.

10. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR TFT-LCD MODULE

Please pay attention to the followings in handling TFT-LCD products;

(1) ASSEMBLY PRECAUTION

- a. Please use the mounting hole on the module in installing and do not bending or wrenching LCD in assembling. And please do not drop, bend or twist LCD module in handling.
- b. Please design display housing in accordance with the following guide lines.
 - (a) Housing case must be designed carefully so as not to put stresses on LCD all sides and not to wrench module. The stresses may cause non-uniformity even if there is no non-uniformity statically.
 - (b) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.
 - (c) When some parts, such as, FPC cable and ferrite plate, are installed underneath the LCD module, still sufficient clearance is required, such as 0.5mm. This clearance is, especially, to be reconsidered when the additional parts are implemented for EMI countermeasure.
 - (d) Design the inverter location and connector position carefully so as not to give stress to lamp cable, or not to interface the LCD module by the lamp cable.
 - (e) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module and the others parts, such as inverter and speaker so as not to interface the LCD module. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended.
- c. Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with anything hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands. (Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)
- d. Please do not press any parts on the rear side such as source TCP, gate TCP, control circuit board and FPCs during handling LCD module. If pressing rear part is unavoidable, handle the LCD module with care not to damage them.
- e. Please wipe off LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft cloth in case of it being soiled.
- f. Please wipe off drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.
- g. Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.
- h. Please do not touch metal frames with bare hands and soiled gloves. A color change of the metal frames can happen during a long preservation of soiled LCD modules.
- Please handle metal frame carefully to avoid getting hurt because edge of metal frame is very sharp.

- j. Please pay attention to handling lead wire of backlight so that it is not tugged in connecting with inverter.
- k. Be sure to connect the cables and the connecters correctly.
- l. Please connect the metal frame of LCD module to GND in order to minimize the effect of external noise and EMI.

(2) OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- a. Please be sure to turn off the power supply before connecting and disconnecting signal input cable.
- b. Please do not change variable resistance settings in LCD module. They are adjusted to the most suitable value. If they are changed, it might happen LCD does not satisfy the characteristics specification.
- c. LCD backlight takes longer time to become stable of radiation characteristics in low temperature than in room temperature.
- d. The interface signal speed is very high. Please pay attention to transmission line design and other high speed signal precautions to satisfy signal specification.
- e. A condensation might happen on the surface and inside of LCD module in case of sudden change of ambient temperature.
- f. Please pay attention not to display the same pattern for very long time. Image might stick on LCD. Even if image sticking happens, it may disappear as the operation time proceeds.
- g. Please obey the same safe instructions as ones being prepared for ordinary electronic products.

(3) PRECAUTIONS WITH ELECTROSTATICS

- a. This LCD module use CMOS-IC on circuit board and TFT-LCD panel, and so it is easy to be affected by electrostatics. Please be careful with electrostatics by the way of your body connecting to the ground and so on.
- b. Please remove protection film very slowly from the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatics occurrence.

(4) STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- a. Please do not leave the LCDs in the environment of high humidity and high temperature such as $60^{\circ}C90\%RH$.
- b. Please do not leave the LCDs in the environment of low temperature; below -20°C.

(5) SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- a. When you waste damaged or unnecessary LCDs, it is recommended to crush LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- b. If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.
- c. Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- d. Inverter should be designed carefully so as not to keep working in case of detecting over current or open circuit on the lamp.

(6) OTHERS

- a. A strong incident light into LCD panel might cause display characteristics changing inferior because of polarizer film, color filter, and other materials becoming inferior. Please do not expose LCD module direct sunlight and strong UV rays.
- b. Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in preserving it alone.
- c. For the packaging box, please pay attention to the followings;
 - (a) Packaging box and inner case for LCD are designed to protect the LCDs from the damage or scratching during transportation. Please do not open except picking LCDs up from the box.
 - (b) Please do not pile them up more than 5 boxes. (They are not designed so.) And please do not turn over.
 - (c) Please handle packaging box with care not to give them sudden shock and vibrations. And also please do not throw them up.
 - (d) Packaging box and inner case for LCDs are made of cardboard. So please pay attention not to get them wet. (Such like keeping them in high humidity or wet place can occur getting them wet.)