

# TFT COLOR LCD MODULE NL128102AC23-02A

# 39 cm (15.4 inches), 1280 × 1024 pixels, Full-color, Multi-scan Function Incorporated backlight with inverter

#### **DESCRIPTION**

NL128102AC23-02A is a TFT (thin film transistor) active matrix color liquid crystal display (LCD) comprising amorphous silicon TFT attached to each signal electrode, a driving circuit and a backlight. NL128102AC23-02A has a built-in backlight with an inverter.

The 39 cm (15.4 inches) diagonal display area contains  $1280 \times 1024$  pixels and can display full-color (more than 16 million colors simultaneously). Also, it has multi-scan function.

NL128102AC23-02A is a model which mounted the CRT interface board on NL128102AC23-02.

#### **FEATURES**

- · Wide viewing angle (with retardation film)
- · CRT interface board

- High luminance (200 cd/m², TYP.)
- · Low reflection
- Auto recognition of input signal (Analog RGB signals, Synchronous signals (Hsync, Vsync, Composite))
- · Digital control: e.g., Brightness, Display position, contrast, CLK delay
- · Free supply voltage sequence
- Corresponding to DDC™1 and DDC2B
- Corresponding to VESA<sup>™</sup>, DPMS<sup>™</sup>
- · On Screen Display

Regarding the use of OSD, please note that there is possibility of conflicts with a patent in Europe and the U.S. Thus, if such conflict might happen when you use OSD, we shall not be responsible for any trouble.

- Multi-scan function: e.g., SXGA, XGA, SVGA, VGA, VGA-TEXT, MAC
- · Incorporated edge type backlight with an inverter (Four lamps into two lamp holders)
- · Lamp holder replaceable

VESA: Video Electronics Standards Association DDC1: Display Data Channel 1
DPMS: Display Power Management Signaling DDC2B: Display Data Channel 2B

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#### **APPLICATIONS**

- · Desk-top type of PC
- · Engineering work station



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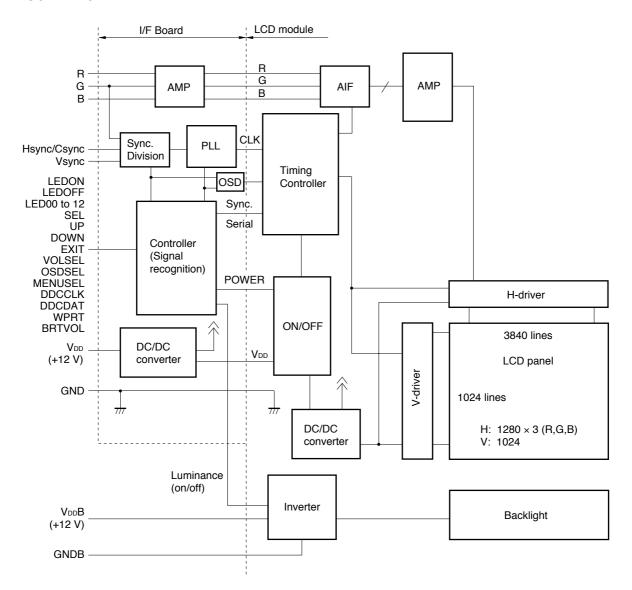
#### STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS

A color TFT (thin film transistor) LCD module is comprised of a TFT liquid crystal panel structure, LSIs for driving the TFT array, and a backlight assembly. The TFT panel structure is created by sandwiching liquid crystal material in the narrow gap between a TFT array glass substrate and a color filter glass substrate. After the driver LSIs are connected to the panel, the backlight assembly is attached to the backside of the panel.

RGB (red, green, blue) data signals from a source system is modulated into a form suitable for active matrix addressing by the onboard signal processor and sent to the driver LSIs which in turn addresses the individual TFT cells.

Acting as an electro-optical switch, each TFT cell regulates light transmission from the backlight assembly when activated by the data source. By regulating the amount of light passing through the array of red, green, and blue dots, color images are created with clarity.

#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



Note Neither GND nor GNDB is connected to Frame.



#### **OUTLINE OF CHARACTERISTICS (at room temperature)**

Display area 305.28 (H) × 244.224 (V) mm

Drive system a-Si TFT active matrix

Display colors Full-color

Number of pixels  $1280 \times 1024$  pixels Pixel arrangement RGB vertical stripe

Pixel pitch 0.2385 (H)  $\times$  0.2385 (V) mm

Module size  $350.0 \text{ (H)} \times 284.8 \text{ (V)} \times 26.0 \text{ (max.) (D)} \text{ mm}$ 

Weight 1700 g (TYP.)

Contrast ratio 200 : 1 (TYP.)

Viewing angle (more than the contrast ratio of 10 : 1)

Horizontal: 60° (TYP., left side, right side)

Vertical : 50° (TYP., up side), 45° (TYP., down side)

Color gamut 59% (TYP., at center, to NTSC) Response time 7 ms (TYP.), white to black

Luminance 200 cd/m<sup>2</sup> (TYP.)

Signal system Analog RGB signals, Synchronous signals (Hsync and Vsync or Composite),

CLK

Supply voltages 12 V (Logic/LCD driving), 12 V (Backlight)

Backlight Edge light type: Four cold cathode fluorescent lamps with an inverter

[Replaceable parts]

Lamp holder: type No. 154LHS02Inverter: type No. 154PW021

Power consumption 28.8 W (TYP.)



# **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Item	Specification		
Module size	350.0 ± 0.6 (H) × 284.8 ± 0.6 (V) × 26.0 (MAX.) (D)		
Display area	305.28 (H) × 244.224 (V)	mm	
Number of dots	1280 × 3 (H) × 1024 (V)		
Number of pixels	1280 (H) × 1024 (V)	pixel	
Dot pitch	0.0795 (H) × 0.2385 (V)		
Pixel pitch	0.2385 (H) × 0.2385 (V)		
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red, Green, Blue) vertical stripe	-	
Display colors	full color	color	
Weight	1760 (MAX.)	g	

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks	
Supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3 to +14	V	Ta = 25°C	
	VDDB	-0.3 to +14	٧		
Logic input voltage	V <sub>IN1</sub>	-0.3 to +5.5	٧	Ta = 25°C	
R,G,B input voltage	V <sub>IN2</sub>	-6.0 to +6.0	<b>V</b>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 12 V	
CLK input voltage	VIN3	-7.0 to +7.0	<b>V</b>		
Storage temp.	Тѕт	-20 to +60	ç	-	
Operating temp.	Тор	0 to +50	°C	Module surface Note	
Humidity	≤ 95% re	elative humidity		Ta ≤ 40°C	No condensation
	≤ 85% re	elative humidity		40 < Ta ≤ 50°C	
		humidity shall not exceed $T_a = 50$ °C, 85 numidity level.	Ta > 50°C		

Note Measured at the LCD panel



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

# (1) Logic, LCD driving, Backlight

Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remarks	
Supply voltage	VDDB	11.4	12.0	12.6	V	for backlight	
	V <sub>DD</sub>	11.4	12.0	12.6	V	for logic and LCD driving	
Logic input Low voltage	VIL	0	-	0.8	V	Hsync/Csync, Vsync, SEL, UP,	
Logic input High voltage	ViH	2.0	_	5.25	V	DOWN, EXIT, VOLSEL, DDCDAT, DDCCLK, OSDSEL, WPRT, MENUSEL	
Logic output Low voltage	Vol	_	-	0.4	V	DDCDAT	
Logic output High voltage	Vон	2.4	-	-	V		
Logic input Low current 1	liL1	-1	-	-	μΑ	Hsync/Csync, Vsync	
Logic input High current 1	l <sub>iH1</sub>	-	-	1	μΑ		
Logic input Low current 2	liL2	-	-	1	μΑ	DDCDAT	
Logic input High current 2	l <sub>iH2</sub>	-1	-	-	μΑ		
Supply current	lod	-	1000	1500	mA	for LCD driving VDD = 12.0 V Note	
		-	50	65	mA	Power saving mode, VDD = 12.0 V Note	
	IDDB	-	1400	1600	mA	for back light VDDB = 12.0 V	
		_	1	10	mA	Power saving mode, VDDB = 12.0 V	

Note Pixel checkered pattern

# (2) Video signal (R,G,B) input

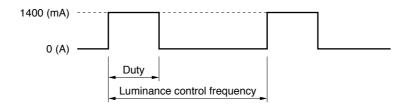
Ta = 25°C

					1α = 20 0
Item	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remarks
Maximum amplitude (white - black)	0 (black)	0.7 (white)	*A	Vp-p	Need to adjust contrast if input more 0.7 Vp-p
DC input level (black)	-0.5	-	+2.5	٧	_
Sync. level	0.2	0.3	*B	Vp-p	G terminal (Sync. On Green)
*A + *B	-	-	1.1	Vp-p	-



#### **POWER SUPPLY DESIGN**

- (1) Please note that the supply voltage must not be applied while the control signals (SEL, UP, DOWN, EXIT, BRT+ and BRT-) are connected to GND. Otherwise the module may cause malfunction.
- (2) If the power supply voltage is applied while UP and DOWN are connected to GND, the input control signals become ineffective. In this case, please turn off the power once and turn on the power while UP and DOWN are connected to GND again.
- (3) Inverter current wave Inverter current wave is as follows.



Maximum luminance control: 100% Minimum luminance control: 20%

Luminance control frequency = Input Vsync frequency  $\times$  K

Input Vsync frequency  $\leq$  75 Hz: K = 4.6 Input Vsync frequency > 75 Hz: K = 3.6

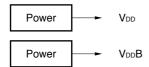
#### (4) Ripple of supply voltage

	V <sub>DD</sub> (for logic and LCD driver)	V⊳bB (for backlight)
Acceptable range	≤ 100 mVp-p	≤ 200 mVp-p

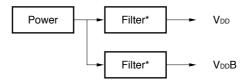
Remark The acceptable range of ripple voltage includes spike noise.

Example of the power supply connection

a) Separate the power supply



b) Put the filter





#### INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

## (1) Interface signals, power supply

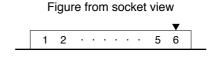
CN101

Part No. : MRF03-6R-SMT

Adaptable socket : MRF03-6P-1.27 (For cable type) or MRF03-6PR-SMT (For board to board type)

Supplier : HIROSE ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin No.	Symbol
1	В	4	Vsync
2	G	5	Hsync/Csync
3	R	6 ▼	N.C. Note



Note N.C. (No connection) should be open.

CN102

Part No. : IL-Z-4PL-SMTY Adaptable socket : IL-Z-4S-S125C3

Supplier : Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin No.	Symbol
1	DDCCLK	3	MENUSEL
2	DDCDAT	4	GND

Figure from socket view

4 3 2 1

CN103

Part No. : DF14A-25P-1.25H Adaptable socket : DF14-25S-1.25C

Supplier : HIROSE ELECTRIC CO., LTD. (coaxial type)

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin No.	Symbol
1	LEDON	14	EXIT
2	LEDOFF	15	GND
3	GND	16	BRTVOL
4	LED00	17	GND
5	LED01	18	VOLSEL
6	LED02	19	OSDSEL
7	LED10	20	WPRT
8	LED11	21	TEST1
9	LED12	22	TEST2
10	GND	23	GND
11	SEL	24	TEST3
12	UP	25	TEST4
13	DOWN		

Figure from socket view

1 2 · · · · 24 25

Note TEST1 to 4 should be open.



CN104

Part No. : IL-Z-8PL-SMTY Adaptable socket : IL-Z-8S-S125C3

Supplier : Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin No.	Symbol
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	5	GND
2	V <sub>DD</sub>	6	GND
3	V <sub>DD</sub>	7	GND
4	V <sub>DD</sub>	8	GND

Figure from socket view

8 7 · · · · · 2 1

CN201

Part No. : IL-Z-11PL1-SMTY Adaptable socket : IL-Z-11S-S125C3

Supplier : Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin No.	Symbol
1	V <sub>DD</sub> B	7	N.C.
2	V <sub>DD</sub> B	8	N.C.
3	V <sub>DD</sub> B	9	N.C.
4	GNDB	10	N.C.
5	GNDB	11	N.C.
6	GNDB		

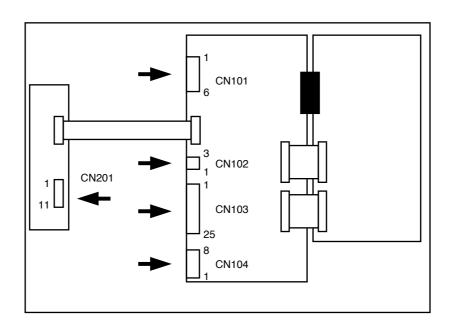
Figure from socket view

11 10 · · · · · 2 1

Note N.C. (No connection) should be open.

#### <Connector location>

#### Rear view





# (2) Pin function

Symbol	I/O	Logic	Description
Hsync/ Csync	Input	Negative	Horizontal synchronous signal input or composite synchronous signal input (TTL level) , Positive/Negative auto recognition
Vsync	Input	Negative	Vertical synchronous signal input (TTL level) Positive/Negative auto recognition, Clock input for DDC1
R	Input	ı	Red video signal input (0.7 Vp-p, 75 $\Omega$ )
G	Input	ı	Green video signal input (0.7 Vp-p, 75 $\Omega$ )
В	Input	ı	Blue video signal input (0.7 Vp-p, 75 $\Omega$ )
SEL	Input	Negative	Control function select signal (TTL level) SEL is pulled up in the module. Detail of the functions are mentioned in CONTROL FUNCTIONS. High or open: SEL off, Low: SEL on
UP	Input	Negative	Control signal (TTL level) The signal increases the value of the functions selected. UP is pulled up in tha module. High or open: UP off, Low: UP on
DOWN	Input	Negative	Control signal (TTL level) The signal decreases the value of the functions selected. DOWN is pulled up in the module. High or open: DOWN off, Low: Down on
EXIT	Input	Negative	Control signal (TTL level) The signal initializes the selected function. EXIT is pulled up in the module. High or open: EXIT off, Low: EXIT on
OSDSEL	Input	=	Display select signal OSDSEL is pulled up in the module. "H or open": OSD display off (light on LED) "L": OSD display on (light off LED) Details of the functions are mentioned in <b>CONTROL FUNCTIONS</b>
MENUSEL	Input	-	OSD design select signal MENUSEL is pulled up in the module. "H or open": OSD display No.2 "L": OSD display No.1(Transparent background) Detail of the functions are mentioned in OSD DESIGN SELECT
BRTVOL	Input	-	Volume luminance control Detail of the functions are mentioned in LUMINANCE CONTROL SELECTION
VOLSEL	Input	-	Luminance control select signal VOLSEL is pulled up in the module. Details of the functions are mentioned in LUMINANCE CONTROL SELECTION
DDCCLK	Input	Positive	CLK for DDC2B
DDCDAT	Input/ Output	Positive	Data for DDC1/2B read/write
LEDON	Output	Positive	Indicator for LED power on "H": LED select, "L": Other status
LEDOFF	Output	Positive	Indicator for power save mode "H": power save mode select, "L": Other status

9

Symbol	I/O	Logic	Description
LED00	Output	Positive	See detail of EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT FOR LEDS and CONTROL
LED01	Output	Positive	FUNCTIONS
LED02	Output	Positive	
LED10	Output	Negative	
LED11	Output	Negative	
LED12	Output	Negative	
WPRT	Input	Positive	Select signal for DDC  "open": Reading mode, "L": Writing mode
TEST1 to 4	Output	Positive	Reserve. TEST 1 to 4 should be open.
V <sub>DD</sub>	_	ı	Power supply for Logic and LCD driving +12 V (±5 %)
VDDB	_	-	Power supply for backlight. +12 V (±5 %)
GND	_	=	Ground for system. Signal ground for logic/LCD driving
GNDB	_	_	Ground for backlight. GNDB is not connected to the module GND (FG).

**Remark** Frame ground, system ground and backlight ground are not connected into the module.

## (3) LUMINANCE CONTROL SELECTION

VOLSEL=	"["	"Open"
Form	Digital adjust	Volume adjust
How to adjust	See CONTROL FUNCTIONS	The variable resistor for luminance control should be 10 k $\Omega$ type, and zero point of the resistor corresponds to the minimum of luminance.  BRTVOL GRAD GND R  Maximum luminance (100%): R = 10 K $\Omega$
		Minimum luminance (30%): R = 0 $\Omega$
		Mating variable resistor: 10 KΩ ±5%,
		B curve, 1/10 W

**Note** The status of VOLSEL is valid when the power is switched on.

## (4) FUNCTION DISPLAY SELECT

OSDSEL=	"L"	"Open"				
Form	OSD Display	LED Dispaly				
How to adjust	See CONTROL FUNCTIONS	See Example of LED circuit. (Next page)				

Note The status of OSDSEL is valid when the power is switched on.

OSD

Regarding the use of OSD, please note that there is possibility of conflicts with a patent in Europe and the U.S. Thus, if such conflict might happen when you use OSD, we shall not be responsible for any trouble.



# (5) OSD DESIGN SELECT

MENUSEL=	"_"	"Open"
Form	OSD display No. 1	OSD display No. 2
How to adjust	See CONTROL FUNCTIONS (OSD background is transparent)	See CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Note The status of MENUSEL is valid when the power is switched on.

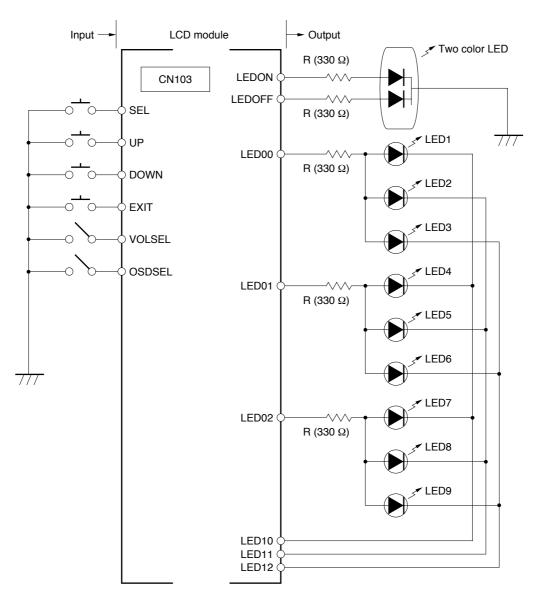
# (6) Equivalent circuit

Symbol	I/O	Equivalent circuit
LEDON LEDOFF LED00 LED01 LED02	Output	RN2306 (Toshiba) or equivalent  Output
LED10 LED11 LED12	Output	N-ch Open Drain Output  Output

11



## <Recommendation circuit diagram>



## <LED status>

LED1: Brightness LED2: Contrast

LED3: Horizontal display period

LED4: CLK delay
LED5: Vertical position
LED6: Horizontal position

LED7: Reserve LED8: All reset LED9: Reserve



#### INPUT SYNCHRONOUS SIGNAL

This module can recognize the synchronous signals automatically as follows.

Auto vocamition made	Synchronous signal					
Auto recognition mode	HS/CS	Vsync	Sync. On Green			
Separate synchronous signal mode (Hsync, Vsync)	Input	Input	Input or no input			
Composite synchronous signal mode (CS)	Input (CS)	No input	Input or no input			
Sync. On Green mode Note	No input	No input	Input			
Power save mode	No input	No input	No input			
	No input	Input	Input or no input			
	Input (HS)	No input	Input or no input			

#### **CONTROL FUNCTIONS**

**FUNCTION ITEMS** 

#### (1) The function for OSD or LED

Brightness
 Control luminance of backlight
 Contrast
 Control white-level of video signal
 Horizontal display period
 Adjust horizontal display period

4. CLK delay : Adjust CLK-phase
5. Vertical position : Adjust vertical position
6. Horizontal position : Adjust horizontal position
7. ALL RESET : Reset to factory-default value

#### (2) The function for OSD

Sub Brightness
 Brightness with each video signal Control
 Sub Contrast
 white-level with each video signal Control

3. Video signal information : Display multi-scan function, Hsync and Vsync frequency

Each selected value is memorized into LCD memory after SEL signal input or time out. The memorized value is not affected even if the power is turned off. But the selected value is not memorized in case that a selected mode is changed another one before time out or power is turned off before time out.

Regarding the luminance, the luminance value can not be memorized while the variable volume resistor is selected.

This function does not work while the power save mode.



#### INDICATOR OF THE FUNCTIONS

The selected functions can be indicated either LED or OSD (On Screen Display) by setting OSDSEL signal.

OSDSEL = "H or "OPEN": LED OSDSEL = "L" : OSD

LED state show below table. Please see the recommendation circuit diagram.

Selection function	LED00	LED01	LED02	LED10	LED11	LED12
Default (no-select condition)	L	L	L	Н	Н	Н
Brightness	Н	L	L	L	Н	Н
Contrast	Н	L	L	Н	L	Н
Horizontal display period	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L
CLK delay	L	Н	L	L	Н	Н
Vertical position	L	Н	L	Н	L	Н
Horizontal position	L	Н	L	Н	Н	L
Reserve (No use)	L	L	Н	L	Н	Н
All reset	L	L	Н	Н	L	Н
Reserve (no-use)	L	L	Н	Н	Н	L

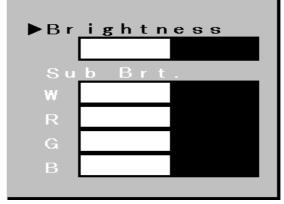
#### **SELECTION BY OSD**

The following pictures appear on the screen by pushing the SEL key. Adjust the each value in best position by pushing UP and DOWN key.

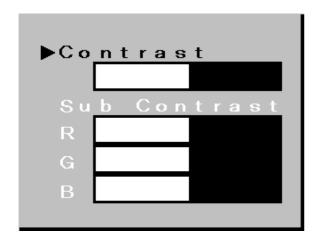
## 1) Menu



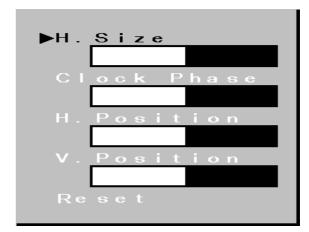
## 2) Brightness and Sub Brightness



## 3) Contrast and Sub Contract



4) Horizontal display period, Clock delay, Vertical display position and Horizontal display position



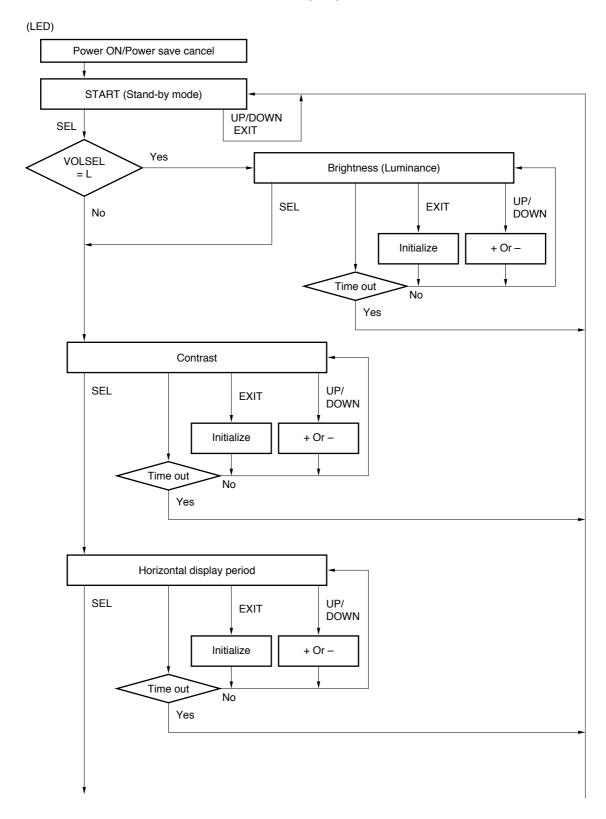
## 5) Information

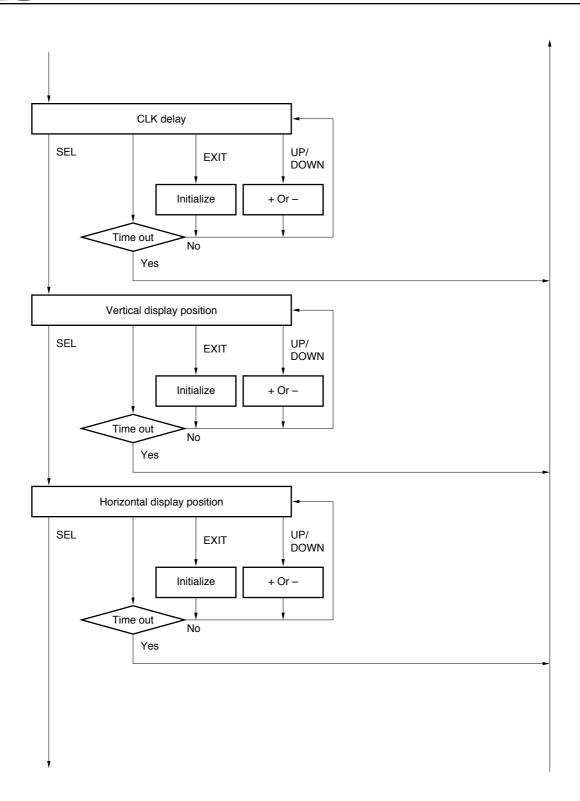


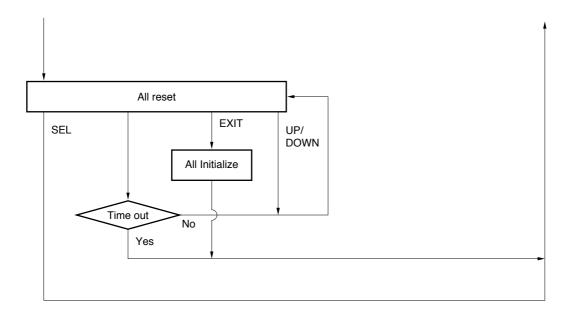
6) All Reset



# FLOW CHART OF CONTROL FUNCTIONS FOR SEL, UP, DOWN AND EXIT

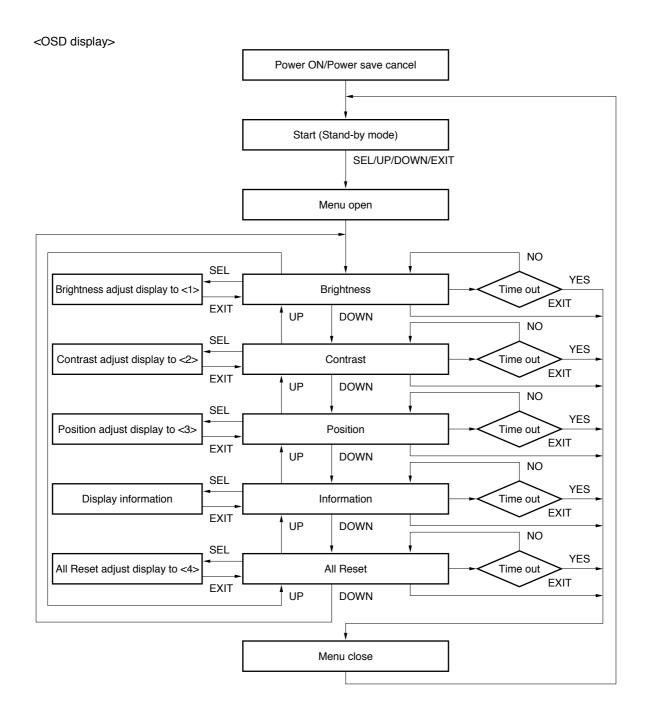






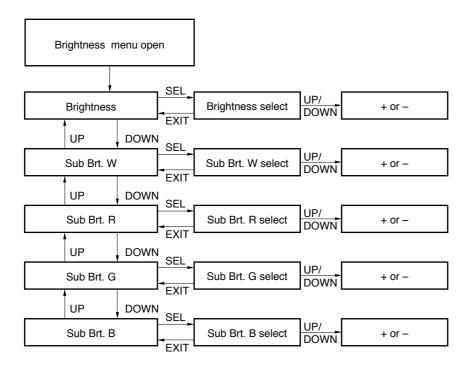
**Note** 1. The value of the selected signals by UP and DOWN key is continuously incremented if the input signal is held more than approx. one second. If it's less than one second, the value is incremented by one.

- 2. EXIT signal initializes the value selected by SEL key. All reset function initializes all the values adjusted already.
- 3. No key input for more than ten seconds shall be regarded "Time out".

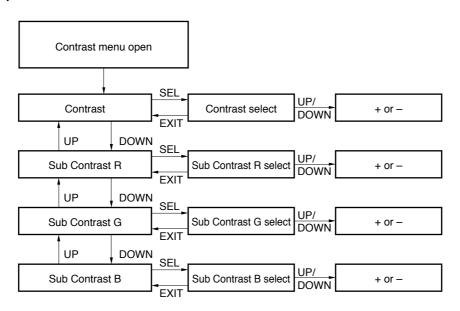




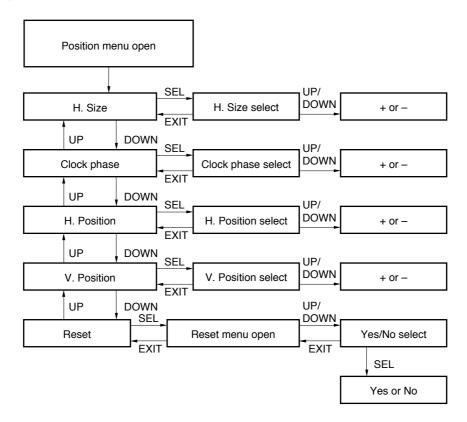
## <Brightness adjustment>



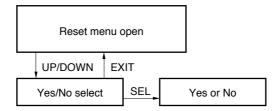
#### <Contrast adjustment>



#### <Position adjustment>



<All Reset>



**Notes 1.** The value of the selected signals by UP and DOWN key is continuously incremented if the input signal is held more than approx. one second. If it's less than one second, the value is incremented by one.

- 2. EXIT signal initializes the value selected by SEL key. All reset function initializes all the values adjusted already.
- 3. No key input for more than ten seconds shall be regarded "Time out".



#### PRESET TIMINGNS

The 19 kinds of timings below are already programmed in this module. The input synchronous signals are automatically recognized.

No.	Display size	Vsync (Hz)	Hsync (kHz)	Dot CLK (MHz)	V Pulse (H)	V B. Porch (V)	H Pulse (DOTCLK)	H B. Porch (DOTCLK)	Sync Logic V, H	Ren	nark
1	640 × 480	59.992	31.469	25.175	2	33	96	48	-, -	VGA	
2	720 × 400	70.087	31.469	28.322	2	35	108	45	+, -	VGA TX	<b>K</b> T
3	800 × 600	60.317	37.879	40.000	4	23	128	88	+, +	VESA	
4	640 × 480	66.667	35.000	30.240	3	39	64	96	SonG type A	Macinto	osh
5	640 × 480	75.000	37.500	31.500	3	16	64	120	-, -	VESA	
6	720 × 400	85.039	37.927	35.500	3	42	36	144	+, -	VESA	Note 1
7	640 × 480	85.008	43.269	36.000	3	25	48	112	-, -	VESA	Note 1
8	1024 × 768	60.004	48.363	65.000	6	29	136	160	-, -	VESA	
9	800 × 600	75.000	46.875	49.500	3	21	80	160	+, +	VESA	
10	832 × 624	74.565	49.735	57.283	3	39	64	224	SonG type A	Macinto	osh
11	800 × 600	85.061	53.674	56.250	3	27	64	152	+, +	VESA	Note 1
12	1024 × 768	70.069	56.476	75.000	6	29	136	144	-, -	VESA	
13	1024 × 768	75.029	60.023	78.750	3	28	96	176	-, -	VESA	
14	1280 × 1024	60.020	63.981	108.000	3	38	112	248	+, +	VESA	
15	1152 × 900	60.003	61.846	94.500	4	31	128	208	CS(-)	SUN	Note 1
16	1024 × 768	77.068	62.040	84.375	4	31	128	176	CS(-)	SUN	Note 1
17	1280 × 1024	67.189	71.691	117.000	8	33	112	224	CS(-)	SUN	
18	1152 × 900	76.149	71.809	108.000	8	33	128	192	CS(-)	SUN	Note 1
19	1280 × 1024	75.025	79.976	135.000	3	38	144	248	+, +	VESA	

Note 1. Out of specification. These modes are less display quality than other guaranteed modes.

Even if the preset timing is entered, a little adjustment of the functions such as Horizontal period, CLK-delay and display position, are required. The adjusted values are memorized in every preset No.

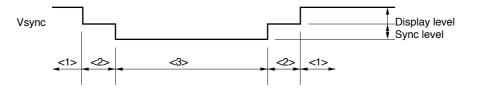
This module recognizes the synchronous signals with near preset timing of the frequency of Hsync, Vsync, even in the case that the signals other than the preset timing that were entered. For instance, it is displayed with presetting number 5 in the case of  $640 \times 480$  dot, Hsync: 37.861 kHz, Vsync: 72.809 Hz an example).

Adopt the evaluation, because adjustment may not fit, in the case that the magnifying ratio differs, in the case that you use it with except for the display timing that was preset.

# Note 2. Sync on Green signal type

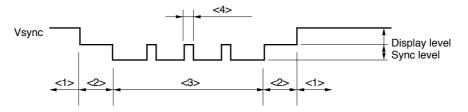
## (1) SonG type A

There are no Hsync pulses in Vsync Period.



# (2) SonG type B

There are Hsync pulses in Vsync Period.



<1> Display level, <2> Black level period, <3> Vsync period, <4> Hsync pulse (equivalent)



#### **DDC FUNCTION**

The usage of this function is based on VESA<sup>TM</sup>, DDC<sup>TM</sup> and EDID<sup>TM</sup>.

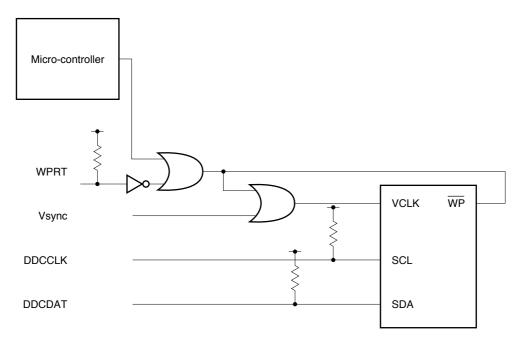
How to set up by WPRT signal
Writing mode: WPRT = GND
Reading mode: WPRT = Open

**Remark** All trademarks used within this document are the property of their respective owners. VESA, DDC, DPMS, and EDID are trademarks of the Video Electronics Standard Association.

In the writing mode, LEDON and LEDOFF signals output alternately "H" and "L", and LEDs blink alternately.

Please write data into necessary addresses in advance, when you use this function. Data "55H" is set in the address "00H" when the module is shipped. The input equivalent circuit diagram is as follows.

#### [Internal circuit diagram]



Product: Microchip Technology Inc. 24LCS21 or equivalent

#### **DPMS**

This function is corresponding to VESA DPMS<sup>™</sup> Standard.

		NL128102AC23-02A					
<b>a.</b> .		Signal		Dawer andrew	December times	Dawar as don	Recovery
State	Horizontal	Vertical	al Video Power saving Recovery t		Hecovery time	Power saving	time
On	Pulses	Pulses	Active	None	Not applicable	None	Not applicable
Stand-by	No pulses	Pulses	Blanked	Minimum	Short	Maximum	Short
Suspend	Pulses	No pulses	Blanked	Substantial	Longer	Maximum	Short
Off	No pulses	No pulses	Blanked	Maximum	System dependent	Maximum	Short

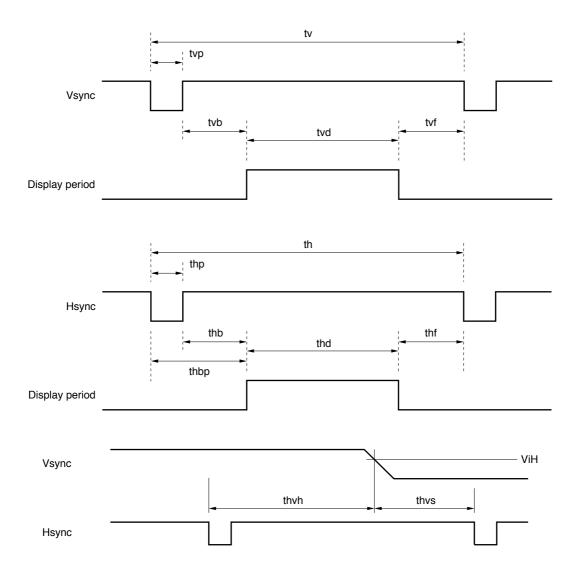


## **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING**

# (1) SXGA Mode (Standard)

	Name	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remark
CLK	Frequency	1/tc	95.0 –	108.0 9.3	135.0 –	MHz ns	SXGA standard
	Rise/Fall	tcrf	_	-	10	ns	-
	Pulse-width	tc/tcl	0.4	0.5	0.6	-	-
Hsync	Period	th	12.3 –	15.630 1688	17.0 –	μs CLK	63.981 kHz (TYP.)
	Display	thd	- -	11.852 1280	-	μs CLK	-
	Front-porch	thf	- 10	0.444 48	<u>-</u>	μs CLK	-
	Pulse-width	thp	- 16	1.037 112	<u>-</u> -	μs CLK	-
	Back-porch	thb	1.0 94	2.296 248		μs CLK	Note
	Pulse-width +Back-porch	thbp	1.8	-	-	μs	-
	V-Hsync	thvh	4	-	-	CLK	-
	hold/setup time	thvs	1	-	_	CLK	-
	Rise/Fall	thrf	ı	_	10	ns	_
Vsync	Period	tv	13.3 –	16.661 1066	18.5 –	ms H	60.020 Hz (TYP.)
	Display	tvd	- -	16.005 1024	- -	ms H	-
	Front-porch	tvf	- 1	0.016 1	_ _	ms H	-
	Pulse-width	tvp	- 2	0.047 3	_ _	ms H	-
	Back-porch	tvb	- 5	0.594 38	- -	ms H	-

**Note** Minimum value of Back-porch (thb) must be satisfied with both 1.0  $\mu$ s and 44 CLK.



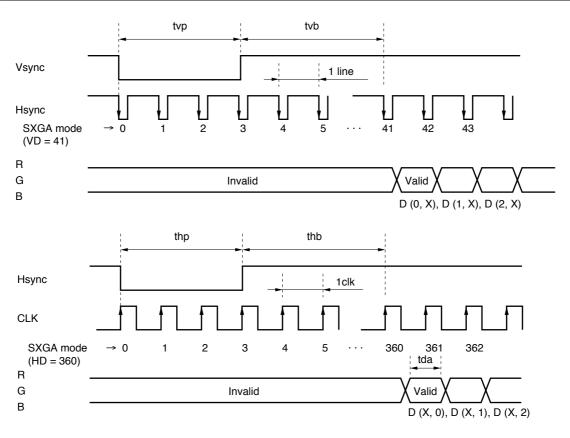


## INPUT SIGNAL AND DISPLAY POSITION

## (1) SXGA Standard Timing

#### **Pixels**

D (0, 0)	D (0, 1)	D (0, 2)	•••	• • •	D (0, 1279)
D (1, 0)	D (1, 1)	D (1, 2)			D (1, 1279)
D (2, 0)	D (2, 1)	D (2, 2)			D (2, 1279)
•	•	•		•	•
•	•	•	,	•	•
•	•	•		•	•
•	•	•			•
D (1023, 0)	D (1023, 1)	D (1023, 2)	• • •	• • •	D (1023, 1279)



Remark The tda should be more than 4 ns.



#### **EXPANSION FUNCTION (REFERENCE)**

#### (1) How to use expansion mode

Expansion mode is a function to expand screen. For example, VGA signal has  $640 \times 480$  pixels. But, if the display data can expanded to 2.0 times vertically and horizontally, VGA screen image can be displayed fully on the screen of SXGA resolution.

This LCD module has the function that expands vertical direction as shown in the following table. And expanding horizontal direction is possible by setting input CLK frequency equivalent to the magnification. It is necessary to make this CLK outside of this LCD module.

Please adopt this mode after evaluating display quality, because the appearance in the expansion mode is happened to be relatively bad in some cases.

The followings show the display magnifications for each mode.

land display	No contract a final a	Magnification			
Input display	Number of pixels	Vertical	Horizontal <b>Note</b>		
SXGA	1280 × 1024	1	1		
XGA	1024 × 768	1.25	1.25		
SVGA	800 × 600	1.6	1.6		
VGA	640 × 480	2.0	2.0		
VGA text	720 × 400	2.5	1.7		
MAC	832 × 624	1.6	1.5		

**Note** The horizontal magnification multiples the input clock (CLK).

Input CLK = system CLK × horizontal magnification.

**Example** In case of SXGA and VGA, CLK frequency can be decided as follows.

SXGA: (system CLK (108.0 MHz))  $\times$  1.0 = 108.0 MHz. VGA : (system CLK (25.175 MHz))  $\times$  2.0 = 50.35 MHz.



# (2) Setting serial data for expansion

Input signal									e serial-data	setting
				Horiz	ontal	Ver	tical	HSE	HD	VD
Mode	System CLK [MHz]	Hsync [kHz]	Vsync [Hz]	Count Number [CLK]	DSP [CLK]	Count Number [H]	DSP [H]	Cal	culation form	nula
	[1411 12]			(A)	(B)	-	(C)	(A) × Ver.magni	(B) × Hor.magni	= (C)
SXGA	108.0	63.981	60.02	1688	360	1066	41	(A) × 1	(B) × 1	
(1280 ×	117.0	71.691	67.189	1632	336	1067	41			
1024)	125.0	75.120	71.204	1664	352	1055	28			
	130.076	76.968	72.000	1690	378	1069	42			
	135.0	78.125	72.005	1728	384	1085	58			
	135.0	79.976	75.025	1688	392	1066	41			
XGA	65*	48.363	60.004	1344	296	806	35	(A) × 1.25	(B) × 1.25	
(1024 × 768)	75*	56.476	70.069	1328	280	806	35			
	78.75*	60.023	75.029	1312	272	800	31			
MAC (832 × 624)	57.283*	49.725	74.5	1152	288	667	42	(A) × 1.5	(B) × 1.5	
SVGA	36*	35.156	56.25	1024	200	625	24	(A) × 1.6	(B) × 1.6	= (C)
(800 × 600)	40*	37.879	60.317	1056	216	628	27	(1.) 1.10	(2)	(0)
( 11 110)	50*	48.077	72.188	1040	184	666	29			
	49.5*	46.875	75	1056	240	666	24			
VGA	25.175*	31.469	59.94	800	144	525	35	(A) × 2.0	(B) × 2.0	
(640 × 480)	31.5*	37.861	72.809	832	168	520	31	` /		
, ,	31.5*	37.5	75	840	184	500	19			
	30.24*	35.0	66.667	864	160	525	42			
VGA text (720 × 400)	28.322*	31.469	70.087	900	153	449	37	(A) × 1.7	(B) × 1.7	
SUN (1152 × 900)	94.500*	61.845	66.003	1528	336	937	35	(A) × 1.1	(A) × 1.1	

<sup>\*:</sup> Standard timings (Please set them up properly for correct expansion).

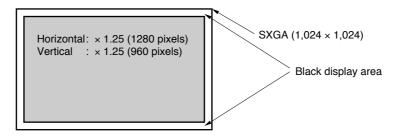
**Note** 1. DSP = Display Start Period. DSP is total of "pulse-width" and "back-porch".

- 2. HD and VD are approximate value. Set HD and VD in case of adjusting display to the screen center.
- **3**. The pulse-width of Hsync, Vsync and Back-porch are the same as SXGA-mode (Standard-mode).

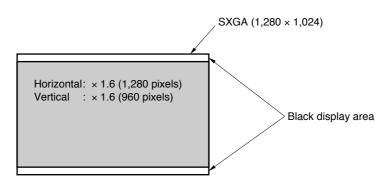


## (3) Display Image

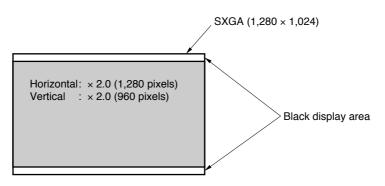
## 1. XGA mode (1024 × 768)



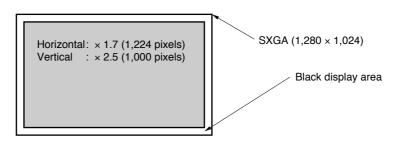
## 2. SVGA mode ( $800 \times 600$ )



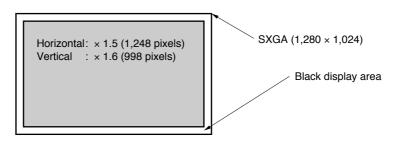
#### 3. VGA mode $(640 \times 480)$



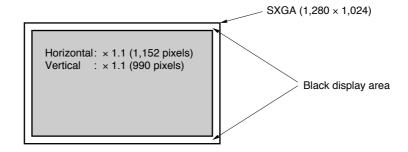
## 4. VGA text mode (720 × 400)



#### 5. $832 \times 624$ MAC mode (832 × 624)



# 6. SUN mode (1152 $\times$ 900)





#### **OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(T_a = 25^{\circ}C, V_{DD} = 12 V, V_{DD}B = 12 V)$ 

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Luminance	Lvmax	White	150	200	-	cd/m²	Note 1
Contrast ratio	CR	White/Black, at center	100	200	ı	ı	Note 2
Luminance uniformity	-	White	-	1.20	1.30	-	Note 3

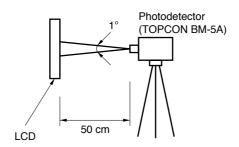
#### Reference data

 $(T_a = 25^{\circ}C. V_{DD} = 12 V. V_{DD}B = 12 V)$ 

	1			(.α – 20	O, 100 -	<u> </u>	DD = 12 V)
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing angle range	$\theta$ R	CR > 10, $\theta$ U = 0°, $\theta$ D = 0°	50	60	ı	deg.	Note 4
	hetaL		50	60	ı	deg.	
	θU	$CR > 10$ , $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$	35	50	ı	deg.	
	hetaD		30	45	ı	deg.	
Color gamut	С	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \ at \ center, \ to \ NTSC$	50	59	ı	%	ı
Response time	Ton	White to Black	-	7	12	ms	Note 5
	Toff	Black to White	-	37	55	ms	
Luminance control range	_	Maximum luminance: 100 %	_	30 to 100	I	%	ı

**Notes 1.** The luminance is measured after 20 minutes from the module works, with all pixels in white. Typical value is measured after luminance saturation.

Display mode: VESA SXGA - 75 Hz

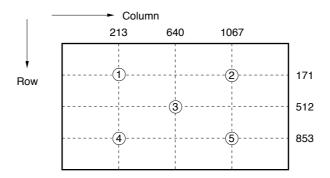


2. The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

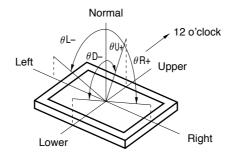
$$Contrast \ ratio \ (CR) = \frac{Luminance \ with \ all \ pixels \ in \ "white"}{Luminance \ with \ all \ pixels \ in \ "black"}$$

The Luminance is measured in darkroom.

3. The luminance is measured at near the five points shown below.

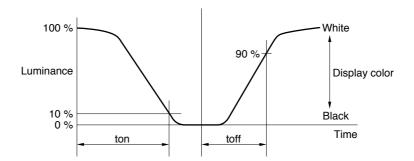


4. Definitions of viewing angle are as follows.



5. Definition of response time is as follows.

Photo-detector output signal is measured when the luminance changes "white" to "black". Response times are Ton and Toff of the photo-detector output amplitude. Ton is the time between 100 % and 10 %. Toff is the time between 0 % and 90 %.



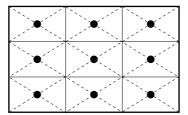


## **RELIABILITY TEST**

Test item		Test condition		
High temperature/humidity operation Note 1		50 ± 2°C, 85% relative humidity 240 hours Display data is black.		
Heat cycle (operation)	Note 1	<1> 0°C ± 3°C ··· 1 hour  55°C ± 3°C ··· 1 hour  <2> 50 cycles, 4 hours/cycle  <3> Display data is black.		
Thermal shock (non-operation)	Note 1	<1> -20°C ± 3°C ··· 30 minutes 60°C ± 3°C ··· 30 minutes <2> 100 cycles <3> Temperature transition time within 5 minutes		
Vibration (non-operation)	Notes 1, 2	<1> 5 - 100 Hz, 2G 1 minute/cycle X, Y, Z direction <2> 50 times each direction		
Mechanical shock (non-operation)	Notes 1, 2	<1> 30 G, 11 ms X, Y, Z direction <2> 3 times each direction		
ESD (operation)	Notes 1, 3	150 pF, 150 $\Omega$ , ±10 kV 9 places on a panel 10 times each place at one-second intervals		
Dust (operation)	Note 1	15 kinds of dust (JIS Z 8901) Hourly 15 seconds stir, 8 times repeat		

**Notes 1.** Display function is checked by the same condition as LCD module out-going inspection.

- 2. Physical damage.
- **3.** Discharge points "●" are shown in the figure.





#### **GENERAL CAUTIONS**

Next figures and sentence are very important. Please understand these contents as follows.



This figure is a mark that you will get hurt and/or the module will have damages when you make a mistake to operate.



This figure is a mark that you will get an electric shock when you make a mistake to operate.



This figure is a mark that you will get hurt when you make a mistake to operate



CAUTION



Do not touch an inverter, on which is stuck a caution label, while the LCD module is under the operation, because of dangerous high voltage.

- (1) Caution when taking out the module
  - a) Pick the pouch only, in taking out module from a carrier box.
- (2) Cautions for handling the module
  - a) As the electrostatic discharges may break the LCD module, handle the LCD module with care against electrostatic discharges.
  - b) As the LCD panel and backlight element are made from fragile glass material, impulse and pressure to the LCD module should be avoided.
  - c) As the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched, use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning.
  - d) Do not pull the interface connectors in or out while the LCD module is operating.
  - e) Put the module display side down on that horizontal plane.
  - f) Handle connectors and cables with care.
  - g) When the module is operating, do not lose CLK, Hsync or Vsync signal. If any one of these signals is lost, the LCD panel would be damaged.
  - h) The torque to mounting screw should never exceed 0.392 N·m (4 kgf·cm).
- (3) Cautions for the atmosphere
  - a) Dew drop atmosphere should be avoided.
  - b) Do not store and/or operate the LCD module in a high temperature and/or high humidity atmosphere. Storage in an electro-conductive polymer packing pouch and under relatively low temperature atmosphere is recommended.
  - c) This module uses cold cathod fluorescent lamps. Therefore, the life time of lamps becomes short conspicuously at low temperature.
  - d) Do not operate the LCD module in a high magnetic field.
- (4) Caution for the module characteristics
  - a) Do not apply fixed pattern data signal for a long time to the LCD module at product aging. Applying fixed pattern for a long time may cause image sticking.

#### (5) Other cautions

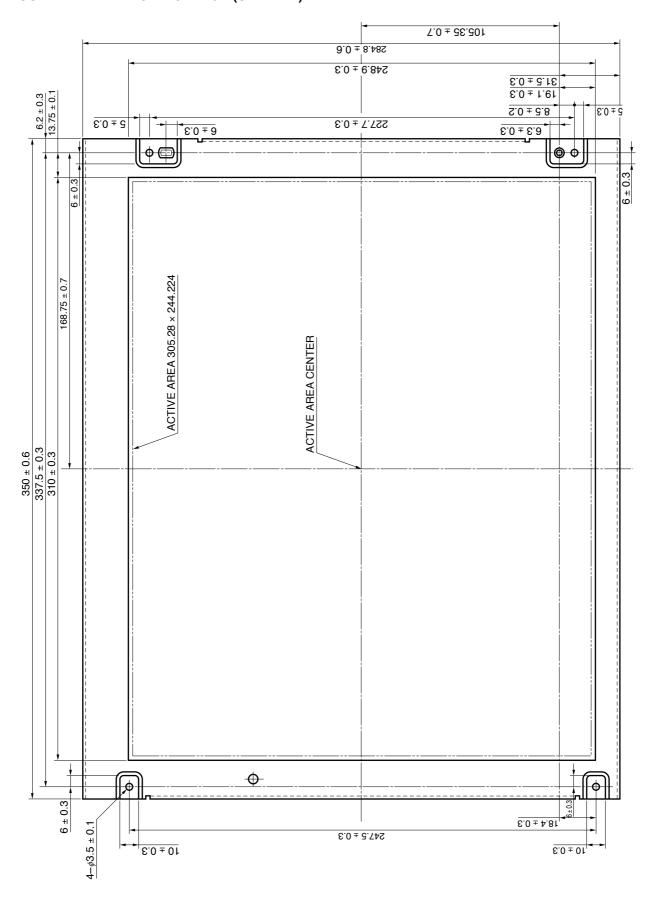
- a) Do not disassemble and/or reassemble LCD module.
- b) Do not readjust variable resistors or switches, etc.
- c) When returning the module for repair or etc, please pack the module not to be broken. We recommend to the original shipping packages.

Liquid Crystal Display has the following specific characteristics. There are not defects or malfunctions.

- The display condition of LCD module may be affected by the ambient temperature.
- The LCD module uses cold cathode tube for backlighting. Optical characteristics, like luminance or uniformity, will change during time.
- Uneven brightness and/or small spots may be noticed depending on different display patterns.

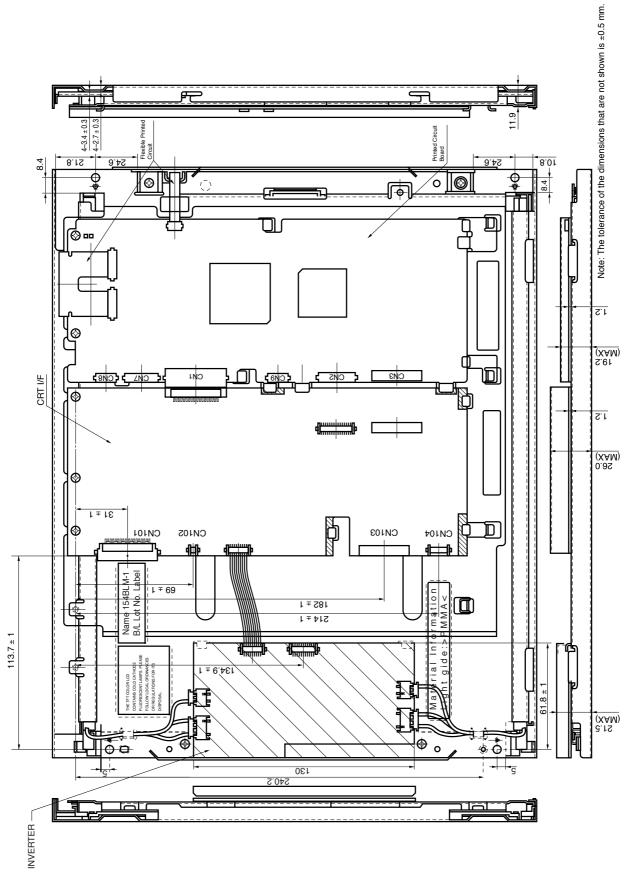
36

# **OUTLINE DRAWING: Front View (Unit: mm)**



**Remark** The torque to mounting screw should never exceed  $0.392 \cdot \text{Nm} \ (4 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{cm})$ .

# **OUTLINE DRAWING: Rear View (Unit: mm)**



**Remark** The torque to mounting screw should never exceed  $0.392 \cdot \text{Nm} \ (4 \ \text{kgf} \cdot \text{cm})$ .



[MEMO]

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Standard: Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots

Special: Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support) Specific: Aircrafts, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems or medical equipment for life support, etc.

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Anti-radioactive design is not implemented in this product.